Case 3:15-cv-00466-VC Document 54 Filed 08/24/15 Page 1 of 16

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11	Related cases listed on next page.			
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14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
15	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
16	LESTER TOM, an individual	CASE NO. 3:15-CV-00466-VC		
17	Plaintiff,	[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER		
18	VS.	FOR STANDARD LITIGATION		
19	UNITED AIRLINES, INC.; CONTINENTAL AIRLINES, INC.; and DOES 1-10,	Courtroom: 4 Judge: Hon. Vince Chhabria		
20	Defendants.	Complaint filed: May 29, 2012 FAC filed: July 20, 2012		
21	2 ordinames	SAC filed: November 30, 2012 TAC filed: May 20, 2013		
22		Corrected TAC filed: June 21, 2013 4AC filed: January 3, 2014		
23		5AC filed: March 2, 2015 6AC filed: June 30, 2015		
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		[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER FOR		

[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER FOR STANDARD LITIGATION

Case 3:15-cv-00466-VC Document 54 Filed 08/24/15 Page 2 of 16

Related cases:
Johnson, Eldridge v. United Airlines, Inc., et al. 3:12-cv-02730-VC Miller, Leon v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00457 VC
Palmer, Xavier v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00458 VC Montgomery, Kenneth v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 1:15-cv-00697 LMB JFA
Gadson, Annette v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 2:15-cv-03642 MCA MAH Noble, Paul C. v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00461 VC
Jones Jr., Johnnie E. v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00462 VC Roane, Glen v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00464 VC
Ricketts, David v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00465 VC Crocker, Sal v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00468 VC
Manswell, Anthony v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00469 VC Minter, Karl v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00470 VC
Washington, Erwin v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 4:15-cv-00470 VC Wilson, Darryl v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00471 VC Wilson, Darryl v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00472 VC
Sherman, Leo v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00472 VC Haney, Ken v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00474 VC
John, Richard v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00475 VC Briscoe, Odie v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00476 VC
Hartsfield, Terrence v. United Airlines, Inc. et al. 3:15-cv-00477 VC

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

2. DEFINITIONS

- 2.1 <u>Challenging Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or items under this Order.
- 2.2 "<u>CONFIDENTIAL</u>" <u>Information or Items</u>: information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c).
- 2.3 <u>Counsel (without qualifier)</u>: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as their support staff).
- 2.4 <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL."
- 2.5 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.
- 2.6 <u>Expert</u>: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a consultant in this action.

(2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material. However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

4. DURATION

Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to

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unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins). A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL" or the "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

- (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony.
- (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).
- 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

6. <u>CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY OR ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY</u> <u>DESIGNATIONS</u>

- 6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.
- 6.2 <u>Meet and Confer.</u> The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written notice must recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this specific paragraph of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other

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forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely manner.

6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) within 21 days of the initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is later. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to make such a motion including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable) shall automatically waive the confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any motion brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the

1 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's 2 designation until the court rules on the challenge. 3 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL 4 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed 5 or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting, 6 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to 7 the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has 8 been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL 9 DISPOSITION). 10 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and 11 in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order. 12 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise 13 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may 14 disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to: 15 the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as (a) 16 employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the 17 information for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be 18 Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A; 19 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the 20 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have 21 signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); 22 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom 23 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); 24 25 (d) the court and its personnel; 26 court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock (e) 27 jurors, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation 28 and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

1	(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is		
2	reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"		
3	(Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of		
4	transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be		
5	separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted		
6	under this Stipulated Protective Order.		
7	(g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a		
8	custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.		
9	7.3 <u>Disclosure of "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items</u> : Unless		
10	otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving		
11	Party may disclose any information or item designated "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:		
12	(a) The Receiving Party's Counsel of Record in this action, as well as		
13	employees of said Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the		
14	information for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be		
15	Bound" (Exhibit A);		
16	(b) Defendants' in-house or outside counsel as well as its staff to who it is		
17	reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;		
18	(c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom		
19	disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment		
20	and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);		
21	(d) The court and its personnel;		
22	(e) Court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock		
23	jurors, and Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation		
24	and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);		
25	(f) The author or recipient of a document containing the information or a		
26	custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.		
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8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION

If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," that Party must:

- (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a copy of the subpoena or court order;
- (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and
- (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party's permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

9. <u>A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS</u> LITIGATION

(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

(b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to		
produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an		
agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the		
Party shall:		
(1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party		
that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-		
Party;		
(2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated		
Protective Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific		
description of the information requested; and		
(3) make the information requested available for inspection by the		
Non-Party.		
9.2 If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14		
days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the		
Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely		
seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession		
or control that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a		
determination by the court. Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the		
burden and expense of seeking protection in this court of its Protected Material.		
10. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>		
If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected		
Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective		
Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the		
unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the		
Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were		
made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the		
made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person of persons to execute the		

11. <u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED</u> MATERIAL

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

12. MISCELLANEOUS

- 12.1 <u>Right to Further Relief.</u> Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the court in the future.
- 12.2 <u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u>. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.
- 12.3 <u>Filing Protected Material</u>. Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5, a sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing that the Protected Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(d) is denied by the court, then the

Case 3:15-cv-00466-VC Document 54 Filed 08/24/15 Page 14 of 16

Receiving Party may file the information in the public record pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5(e) unless otherwise instructed by the court.

13. FINAL DISPOSITION

Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each

Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such

7 compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected 8 Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must

submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all

material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts,

the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has

not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or

capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to

retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts,

legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected

Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to

this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

19 20 IT IS SO O

DATED: August 24, 2015

IT IS SO ORDERED.

HON. VINCE CHHABRIA

United States District Judge

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1 EXHIBIT A ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND 2 3 I. _____ [print or type full name], of _____ 4 [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and 5 6 understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for 7 the Northern District of California on [date] in the case of [insert formal name of 8 the case and the number and initials assigned to it by the court]. I agree to comply with and to be 9 bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that 10 failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I 11 solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to 12 this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the 13 provisions of this Order. 14 I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective 15 16 Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action. I hereby appoint [print or type full name] of 17 18 [print or type full address and telephone 19 number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any 20 proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order. 21 22 City and State where sworn and signed: 23 24 25 Printed name: 26 27 Signature: 28

Case 3:15-cv-00466-VC Document 54 Filed 08/24/15 Page 16 of 16 LEGAL_US_W # 82754206.1